Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XIX. CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1865. NUMBER 32.

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—Situation—As Porter by a man who has been in the army ...

WANTED—Situation—By a competent book-keeper ...

WANTED—Situation—By a young man ...

WANTED—Situations—Families ...

WANTED—Situation—As Foreman ...

Wanted—Agents.

WANTED—Agents—Without capital ...

WANTED—Agents—To sell the ...

WANTED—Agents—For the ...

WANTED—Agents—To sell an ...

WANTED—Agents for some of ...

WANTED—Agents—$10 a ...

WANTED—Agents—$125 a ...

WANTED—Agents—To sell the ...

WANTED—Agents—To sell our ...

WANTED—Agents—To sell ...

WANTED—$75 a month— ...

WANTED—Agents—To sell H ...

WANTED—Agents, $150 per ...

To Rent.

TO RENT—House No. 292 West ...

TO RENT—One of the most de- ...

TO RENT—A front office up one ...

TO RENT—For two months, to a ...

TO RENT—Store suitable for any ...

TO RENT—House No. 512 South ...

TO RENT—Desk room and use ...

TO RENT—Wanted to rent a ...

TO RENT—On the West Side, ...

TO RENT—A two-story house, ...

TO RENT—A house containing ...

TO RENT—Furnished rooms to ...

TO RENT—Store No. 97 Wash ...

TO RENT—A Store, and fixtures ...

TO RENT—A two story building ...

Boarding.

BOARDING—A gentleman and ...

BOARDING—Waverly House, ...

BOARDING—An elegant suit of ...

BOARDING—Pleasant rooms, ...

BOARDING—A furnished front ...

BOARDING—A furnished room ...

BOARDING—A gentleman can ...

BOARDING—Two gentlemen ...

BOARDING—Two unfurnished ...

BOARDING—A pleasant front ...

BOARDING—Wanted, on or be- ...

BOARDING—Wanted, a well- ...

BOARDING—I want a suit of ...

Real Estate—Country.

FOR SALE—Two small farms, ...

FOR SALE—An improved farm ...

FOR SALE—5,000 to 10,000 acres ...

FOR SALE— ... of land, ...

FOR SALE— ...

FOR SALE—Hotel—One of the ...

Wanted.

WANTED—At 13 ...

WANTED—Experienced ...

WANTED—This day, a ...

WANTED—Board. A ...

WANTED—An experienced ...

WANTED—A good ...

WANTED—A chambermaid ...

WANTED—An experienced ...

WANTED—To Rent a ...

WANTED—Immediately ...

WANTED—Two apprentices ...

WANTED—A man in ...

WANTED—A mechanic ...

WANTED—Immediately ...

WANTED—A purchaser ...

WANTED—6 teamsters, ...

WANTED—A lad about ...

WANTED—Male Help. All ...

WANTED—By a gentleman ...

WANTED—To lease a ...

WANTED—Engines wanted ...

WANTED—Immediately ...

WANTED—An Experienced ...

WANTED—Female Help, ...

WANTED—Farm Hands, W ...

WANTED—A lady who is ...

WANTED—Girls for ...

WANTED—A Coker. A ...

WANTED—We want to ...

WANTED—To rent for a ...

WANTED—Salesman wanted ...

WANTED—Male Help, &c. ...

WANTED—2 book keepers, ...

Real Estate—City.

FOR SALE—A two story ...

FOR SALE—Two new ...

FOR SALE—A large Corner ...

FOR SALE—We are authorized ...

FOR SALE—The following ...

FOR SALE—Kinzie street ...

FOR SALE—A Perfect ...

FOR SALE—House, Stable ...

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A nice Bay Horse ...

FOR SALE—A Saloon, ...

FOR SALE—Saloon, boarding ...

FOR SALE—Meat Market. ...

FOR SALE—Store and 4 ...

FOR SALE—Saloon and Fixtures ...

FOR SALE—Machinery of a ...

FOR SALE—Six good saloons ...

FOR SALE—The stock and fix- ...

FOR SALE—The household ...

FOR SALE—Portable Engines ...

FOR SALE—Engines, ...

Chicago Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1865.

THE NEWS.

The various military districts of Missouri have been consolidated into one, with headquarters at St. Louis.

The forts at Cape Girardeau have been abandoned, and the guns and Government property removed to St. Louis.

The fruit crop in Iowa this season will prove an entire failure.

Four thousand Sioux Indians are encamped at Fort Berthold, waiting to attack General Sully when he comes up. General Sully's forces number fifteen hundred.

Bickley, the President of the Knights of the Golden Circle, from his prison in Fort Warren, has issued an address disbanding the order until 1870, when it is to meet with open doors at Washington. The seal of secrecy is removed.

Subscriptions to the Seven-thirty loan yesterday amounted to $5,106,400.

Gold closed in New York last evening at [illegible].

The President has discharged, in all, [illegible] rebel prisoners.

Admiral Dahlgren yesterday received the President and his party on board the flag-ship Pawnee, with distinguished honors.

A convention of Adjutant Generals from the loyal States is now in session at Boston.

Since the first of March one hundred and sixty-five million dollars have been disbursed to the armies.

The N. Y. World's correspondent states that the Government has determined hereafter not to allow any foreign troops to be landed in Mexico without protest; also to keep an army of observation on the Rio Grande, and to thoroughly investigate the alleged sale of a battery to the Imperialists by the rebel General Slaughter.

The Detroit Commercial Convention met yesterday, and permanently organized by appointing Hiram Walbridge, of New York, President. The Vice Presidents at large are Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, and Hon. Charles Walker, of Chicago. The session was entirely occupied with the appointment of committees and adoption of rules.

In the Harris case, yesterday, proofs of the insanity of the prisoner were introduced by her counsel, Miss Devlin, of Chicago, being the principal witness, who testified to aberrations of mind displayed by Miss Harris when she learned of the marriage of Burroughs.

THE DETROIT CONVENTION.

We have full private information, by telegraph, from our Chicago delegates and others, including the ever watchful representatives of the TRIBUNE, which leads us to believe that the Great Commercial Convention now in session in our sister city of Detroit, will prove a farce and a failure. Now that the delegates have assembled, and the preliminary proceedings have now gone through with, it is evident, says our budget of dispatches, that the whole affair has been cut and dried in advance by a clique, and not a large one at that, of political mountebanks and commercial and stock-jobbing adventurers, the leadership and moving power being in New York.

The first act in the farce was the election of BARR. ABLE, of St. Louis, a very clever gentleman, who has his own axes always on hand to be ground whenever the stone goes around, as temporary chairman. ...

Who Can Answer?

[illegible]

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE COMMERCIAL CONVENTION.

Full Proceedings of Yesterday's Session.

GEN. WALBRIDGE, OF N. Y., APPOINTED PRESIDENT.

Great Dissatisfaction Among the Delegates.

PROSPECTS OF A DISRUPTION OF THE CONVENTION.

OUR RELATIONS WITH MEXICO—IMPORTANT STATEMENTS.

Gen. Sully Threatened by a Large Indian Force.

INTERESTING DETAILS OF THE HARRIS TRIAL.

Subscriptions to the 7:30 Loan $5,106,400.

VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT TO ADMIRAL DAHLGREN.

The K. G. C.'s Disbanded by Bickley.

FROM DETROIT.

The Commercial Convention—List of the Chicago Delegation—Meeting of the Delegation—Nomination of Hon. Chas. Walker for President of the Convention—Primary Discussions.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

DETROIT, July 11.

The delegation have nearly all arrived, and the city is crowded. The Chicago delegation arrived this morning, on the Michigan Central Railroad. The splendid car used on the occasion of the visit of the Prince of Wales was placed at their disposal, and Mr. Sargent, the General Agent of the road, accompanied them and entertained them in princely style. A splendid supper was prepared at Niles, and on board the cars. Luxuries of all kinds were provided.

LIST OF CHICAGO DELEGATES.

MORNING SESSION.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Western Regiments in Schofield's Corps to be Mustered Out—Pardons Granted—the Sixth Auditor's Office.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, July 11.

The Harris Trial—Proofs of Insanity—Pardons Granted by the President—Through Train for Richmond.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, July 11, 1865.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

ST. LOUIS, July 11.

FROM SPRINGFIELD.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

SPRINGFIELD, July 11, 1865.

FROM DES MOINES.

[Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]

DES MOINES, July 11.

FROM INDIANAPOLIS.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

INDIANAPOLIS, July 11.

The Canal.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

LOCKPORT, July 11, 1865.

Boats will be allowed to clear drawing four feet six inches till otherwise ordered.

W. A. GLADING, Genl. Supt.

FROM CINCINNATI.

From the Southwest.

Knights of the Golden Circle Officially Disbanded.

From San Salvador.

The Crops in Virginia.

Work at Wilmington.

Vessel Sales.

Seven-Thirties.

The Habeas Corpus Writ.

Hancock's Corps.

Personal.

The New Gulf Squadron.

Ford's Theater.

POSTSCRIPT.

3 O'CLOCK A. M.

[Special Dispatch to the Western Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, July 11.

The Yacht.

Miss Surratt.

Payment of Troops.

Medical Assignments.

Released.

Extra Billy Smith.

Army Pay.

From Georgia.

Naval.

The Adjutant Generals' Convention.

From Fortress Monroe.

The Harris Trial.

Release of Letcher.

Appointments.

Patents.

From North Carolina.

Cotton at Cairo.

Gold.

NORTH CAROLINA.

The Work of Reconstruction—Opposition.

HOW IT IS DONE.

NOT WIDE AWAKE.

WHAT THE PRESS IS TEACHING.

Great Horse Race on the Tapis.

[From Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, 8th.]

"All Right—De Santy!" Come Again.

[From the Cleveland Herald.]

Habeas Corpus—A Soldier Discharged by order of Court.

[From the Cleveland Herald, 10th.]

Relics of the Rebellion.

ANOTHER LIBERAL BEQUEST.—The New Bedford (Mass.) Mercury says: "Miss Sylvia Ann Howland, who died in this city a few days since, left a will, which is characteristic of the liberality of one whom so many of the needy had cause to bless in her lifetime. ..."

New Advertisements.

FOR BUFFALO.—The new and ...

NOTICE TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.— ...

DR. W. READ, M. R. C. S., Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

NORTHWESTERN NORMAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC, BLOOMINGTON, ILL.

EMPLOYMENT AT YOUR OWN HOMES. ...

A WORD TO THE WISE, &c.

MICROSCOPIC PICTURES ...

ASTOUNDING!

NEW GOODS.

J. R. WILSON & CO., 136 Dearborn st.

HIGHWINES.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED to execute orders for MALLEABLE IRON CASTINGS.

CARTES DE VISITE $1.50 PER DOZEN. Taken at Cunningham's Photograph Gallery.

IT IS STRANGE

Champion Oil Polish Blacking

SOAP! SOAP! SOAP!

DWIGHT'S GERMAN MOTTLED Or, Old English.

MILL STONES, Dutch "Anker" Bolting Cloth, CHICAGO TURBINE WATER WHEELS, FLOURING MILL. T. W. Baxter & Co.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN. Preston, Willard & Kean, BANKERS AND 7-30 LOAN AGENTS.

AUCTION SALE OF FIRST-CLASS GOVERNMENT HORSES.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT BEEF CATTLE.

CAPITAL.

YONLEY & RICE, Attorneys at Law.

New Advertisements.

GREAT REDUCTION IN SEASONABLE DRY GOODS.

A. G. DOWNS & CO.,

Have marked down, without regard to cost, their entire stock of SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS, And now offer them at prices to defy competition.

A. G. DOWNS & CO.

To the Grocery Trade.

THE EAGLE MILLS. PLACE & TURLAY, Importers and Dealers in SPICES, INDIGO AND GROCERS' DRUGS And Manufacturers of Mustards, Coffee and Spices, AND THE "RISING STAR" YEAST POWDER!

The Best Children's Paper in America. The Little Corporal.

FIFTY-FIVE YEARS OF STABLE SUCCESS. Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT 110, June 1st, 1865, HARTFORD Fire Insurance Co.

Fire Insurance THE HARTFORD, FIRST AMERICAN INSTITUTION.

Moore & Stearns, CHICAGO AGENTS. G. F. Bissell,

THE DAVENPORT NATIONAL BANK. Capital Stock, - - - $200,000.

Seven-Thirty Loan.

Treasury Bank,

DR. JAMES

HEADQUARTERS 67th ILL.

Use Dutcher's Celebrated LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS WHITE BEANS.

Michigan-av Property For Sale.

EYE & EAR.

New Advertisements.

MRS. WINSLOW, SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, Sure to Regulate the Bowels. Relief and Health to your Infants. Price, Only 35 cents a Bottle.

PAPER WAREHOUSE OF LAFLIN, BUTLER & CO., 42 & 44 STATE STREET.

REDUCTION IN FARE VIA THE Chicago and Northwestern RAILWAY, TO LAKE SUPERIOR.

7-30 LOAN. NEW SERIES. Third National Bank OF CHICAGO. THIRD SERIES Free of Charge.

J. & P. COATS BEST SIX-CORD CABLED THREAD JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS, No. 108 Duane Street.

BABBIT METAL,

NOTICE. FRED. W. VOGT GEO. McKEAND & CO., Style and Workmanship FRED. W. VOGT, 54 Dearborn Street.

E. H. SARGENT, MANUFACTURING CHEMIST.

SUPPORT American Manufactures.

Iowa Petroleum.

Chicago Tribune.

Marine List.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

Scrofula, Cancer, Skin D[illegible] Epilepsy, Salt Rheum, Go[illegible] Dropsy,

AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN

IMPURE STATE OF THE B[illegible]

Are promptly and thoroughly cured by

DR. JAYNE'S ALTERA[illegible]

Read the Evidence.

[illegible]

FINE WOOLENS

For Fall and Winter, 18[illegible]

FORSTMANN & C[illegible]

[illegible]

Special Notices.

[illegible]

Dr. Webster,

[illegible]

The subject of Rupture or Hernia, has long since attracted the attention of the medical faculty of both Europe and America, it being one of the most distressing complaints which man is subject to, and withal, until late years, the cure of Rupture or Hernia has been considered quite impossible, if not improbable. [illegible]

Dr. Webster refers the public to the following physicians: Dr. Dotter, Milwaukee, Wis.; Dr. Peabody and Dr. Kennedy, Detroit, Mich.; Dr. Price, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Dr. Bowen and Dr. Harrison, St. Louis, Mo.; Dr. Gaines, Dr. J. Bailey, Dr. [illegible], Chicago, Ill.; Dr. [illegible], Toledo, Ohio; Dr. Davis, Cincinnati, Ohio; Dr. Beatty, St. Paul, Minn.

Dr. Acton.

[illegible]

Age and Debility.

[illegible]

Good News at Last.

[illegible]

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!!

[illegible]

Dr. First.

[illegible]

Dr. James Bryan.

[illegible]

Dr. C. L. Spencer.

[illegible]

Colgate's Honey Soap.

[illegible]

Government Sales.

OFFICE U. S. COMMISSARY

[illegible]

SALE OF CONDEMNED

[illegible]

AUCTION SALE OF GOV[ERNMENT PROPERTY]

[illegible]

SALE OF GOVERNMENT

[illegible]

Hotels.

FOR LEASE.

[illegible]

City Notices.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

[illegible]

CITY COMPTROLLER'S O[FFICE]

[illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR A SCHOOL

[illegible]

CORPORATION NOTICE.

[illegible]

CORPORATION NOTICE.

[illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR ABOUT 2000 FEET PLANK SIDEWALK.

[illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR DREDG[ING]

[illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR ENGINES AND BOILERS FOR CHICAGO WATER WORKS.

[illegible]

Transportation

GRAND TRUNK

LINE OF STEAMERS,

S. T. WADE, ANTELOPE, MONTGOMERY, SUN,

[illegible]

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, at 7 o'clock,

[illegible]

STEAM TO VERA CRUZ via HAVANA.

[illegible]

Business Cards.

O. W. GOIT & CO.,

Coal and Cedar Posts,

[illegible]

STORAGE A NO. 1,

FOR FLOUR AND PROVISIONS

ANY AMOUNT, AT

TAYLOR'S

[illegible]

W. T. SHUFELDT & CO.,

Distillers of Alcohol,

PURE SPIRITS, WHISKIES

[illegible]

Cooke, Smith & Rozet,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 19 LaSalle Street,

[illegible]

J. K. WHITE & CO.,

ALL KINDS OF COAL.

[illegible]

Drugs and Chemicals.

J. H. REED & CO.,

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

[illegible]

Chicago Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1865.

MISSISSIPPI.

Proclamation of Gov. Sharkey.

[illegible]

CANADA.

[illegible]

[Toronto Correspondence New York Herald.]

With the return of Hon. George Brown, which occurred yesterday, the public looked for some semi-official intimation as to what had been accomplished by the delegation, of which he was a member, toward arranging [illegible] to place Canada in a state of defence against the Yankee bugbear that for so long a time has haunted the pillows of the timid Canadians. Strange it is that the Globe, Mr. Brown's paper, is extremely reticent and has not a word to say. [illegible]

It is hardly possible that information upon the subject is withheld purposely, but it should have the effect upon the deliberations of the convention of commercial men of the United States and the Canadas, which will assemble at Detroit on the 11th inst. At that meeting the whole question of the reciprocity, duties, the fisheries and the relations between the two countries will be discussed; and should it transpire before that time that Canada is still to remain undefended and unprotected by the mother country, the annexation party will make itself heard in that assembly.

[Montreal Dispatch to Toronto Globe.]

It is reported that the Governor General (Lord Monck) proceeds at once to England on leave of absence. Some surprise has been expressed at this if Parliament is to meet in August, as promised.

[From the Toronto Leader, July 4.]

At length we have a telegraphic summary of the papers laid before Parliament on the subject of the mission of the Canadian delegates to England. The summary is very brief, but it tells us one thing that is new. The Imperial Government will recommend Parliament to guaranty "a loan to pay the Hudson's Bay Company an indemnity for the Northwest territory, which is to be made over to Canada." What does this mean? This territory has been offered to us before by the Imperial Government, to which it belongs as a free gift, and the offer was refused. Can it be true that we are now to pay for it? To pay the Hudson's Bay Company, to whom it does not belong, and to pay a sum so large that it will require to be covered by the Imperial guarantee. It seems, if this account be correct, that our Government has agreed to erect fortifications, instead of enlarging the canals, which would form the best defence we could provide. If the canals be held to form part of the system of defence, the proposed guaranty may extend to them. To say that the Imperial Government is in favor of confederation, and that it will try to bring about a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty is nothing new, but the story about the Northwest territory is equally new and startling.

[Hamilton Cor. New York Tribune.]

Notwithstanding the marked indignation of the provincial journals to belittle the growth of annexation feeling, they are no longer able to ignore its existence. The subject was tabooed in their columns as long as possible. But it has gained ground nevertheless, and I have now before me a pile of clippings from papers east and west, bearing unwilling testimony to the force of a movement which they neither originated nor control.

There always has been a great deal of hypocrisy in colonial politics. The loyalty of colonists is proverbially more pretentious than that of the people of the parent State, and our politicians have found it expedient to affect undying devotion to British connection. Off the stump and out of the Legislature not a few of these gentlemen have for years past made merry over the credulity which they have thus turned to their own account. And it is the same with many of the newspapers. When they allude to annexation in their columns, it is in the raw-head-and-bloody-bones style—as something too monstrous to be mentioned in polite society, and too dreadful to be handled with the freedom and courtesy usually accorded to important questions. Out of their sanctums many of these public instructors do not hesitate to admit the unloyalness of the position which colonial flunkeyism for the time constrains them to occupy.

The frequency with which English statesmen of the Liberal party express opinions favorable to separation, is another circumstance which operates powerfully here, for it is copied from journal to journal, stamped with the authority which loyalists attach to everything from the old country. John Bright and Goldwin Smith are no longer the only exponents of the policy of colonial emancipation. Mr. Lowe tells the House of Commons that Canadians should not only be permitted but encouraged to prepare for annexation; and Lord Bury, who, as Secretary to Sir Edmund Head, acquired an intimate knowledge of the Province, advocates immediate steps in the direction of independence, the inevitable precursor of annexation. These views are shared by many of the leading moneyed men of England. The Barings have been known for some time past to be anxious for annexation, and the grounds of their anxiety are easily discoverable by anybody acquainted with the extent and present condition of their investments in this province. They have enormous sums sunk here and there, and the only hope of getting them back lies in the change of proprietorship. At present those investments are not only unprofitable, but are altogether jeopardized, and they cannot be otherwise until Canada occupies its natural position as a member of the American Union.

Though we want no active help from the United States, we have a right to ask that their influence shall not be rendered to the adverse side of annexation. We can fight our own battle without fear of the result, provided no obstacles be thrown in our way by the Congress at Washington. It is in the power of Congress to hasten annexation, or to postpone it indefinitely. Reciprocity is the lever with which you may produce either of these results. Renew the Treaty, and this Province will continue separate, for its people will reap the benefits of union without contributing a dollar to its cost. On the other hand, refuse to renew the Treaty—or couple it with conditions in respect of manufactured goods, in which colonists cannot acquiesce—and neither the Government of England nor the Government of Canada will be able to resist the annexation movement.

This view of the question is one which the American delegates to the Detroit Convention may be properly requested to remember. I take it that those of them who are favorable to reciprocity are not unfavorable to annexation. On the contrary, they who oppose reciprocity on commercial grounds, belong to a class who have much to gain from annexation, which would open to them a market without fear of competition. [illegible] Let the Congress make the Treaty remain, that it may yield fruit in due season. Let the one-sided Treaty come to an end, that an alliance of another sort may be entered into, securing unrestrained commercial intercourse, and binding together the fortunes of the two countries with bonds not to be broken.

Railroad Intelligence.

ST. LOUIS TO ST. PAUL.

Meetings are being held in the counties along the route of the proposed Iowa Central Railroad, to complete that important link in the direct communication between St. Louis and St. Paul, via Oskaloosa and Cedar Falls. The North Missouri Railroad has made provision to extend its track from Macon city, (junction with the Hannibal and St. Joe,) to the State line, a distance of sixty miles, and the condition of the whole route, may be shown by the following table of distances:

From St. Louis to Iowa State line	[illegible]
From State line to Cedar Falls	[illegible]
From Cedar Falls to Minnesota line	[illegible]
From Minnesota State line to St. Paul	[illegible]
Total number of miles	[illegible]

ROAD ALREADY BUILT.

From St. Louis to Macon City	170
From Cedar Falls to Waverly	[illegible]
From St. Paul south	[illegible]
Total miles completed	[illegible]

Number of miles yet to build [illegible]

CINCINNATI TO MACKINAW.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad, via Kalamazoo and Sturgis to Fort Wayne, is being pushed forward with rapidity, and from Fort Wayne south to Richmond, a distance of eighty-six miles, $200,000 have been expended for earthwork, leaving but $350,000 to prepare that portion of the route for iron.

ATLANTIC CENTRAL RAILROAD.

The Galva (Ill.) *Union* says this enterprise is once more on its feet, with a prospect now of going ahead. The line as projected, and upon which $100,000 have been expended in grading, etc., begins at New Boston, on the Mississippi, about midway between Burlington and Muscatine, and runs east through Galva, Lacon and Kankakee to a connection with the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, at or near Fort Wayne. The *Union* says that at a meeting of purchasers and stockholders, at Galva, on the 1st, the following organization was made:

President—Hon. John N. Thompson, Aledo; Vice President—John W. Hall, New York. [illegible]

By the sale in May last, the road and road bed are cleared of all incumbrances whatever, and the $[illegible] already laid out are a sufficient security for new mortgage bonds to be issued, which will make them nearly par. It is true, individuals, towns and counties [illegible] is general that this is a matter of little moment, if we can only have the road. Mr. Hall assures our people that the first mortgage bonds of the road, which it is proposed to issue, can be readily negotiated. He also says that negotiations have already been commenced whereby iron enough can be procured upon the bonds of the road for the [illegible].

—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co. will commence locating the branch from Washington to Point of Rocks this week. Richard Randolph, Esq., will have charge of the survey. The length of the road will be about forty miles. It is not time for Pittsburgh to move in behalf of the old but still important idea of a direct connection with Point of Rocks?

UNION PRISONERS DISCHARGED.—The number of rebel prisoners discharged up to July [illegible] officers, [illegible]; privates, [illegible]; total, 63,798.

Murder and Lynching at Nashville, Illinois.

[From the St. Louis Republican, 10th.]

A murder of a remarkably cold-blooded and inhuman character, followed by the arrest of one of the murderers and a quick application of lynch law by an outraged populace, was committed on the 4th in the village of Nashville, some fifty miles east of St. Louis. A German farmer named Jacob Meier had employed two men named White and McCormick to assist him during harvest. [illegible]

LETTER FROM NEW YORK.

Reconstruction—The Republican Salary and the New York Hotel—Central Park—The Famous Negro.

[Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, June [illegible]

It is a matter of observation that [illegible] that, as we approach the summer solstice [illegible] "reconstruction," that vexed question which might well perplex wiser heads than those that now attempt to solve it. [illegible]

And now that the work goes bravely on, one cannot help wishing that similar success might come to us for a small share of the benefit. [illegible]

Perhaps we may now say definitely that the war is over. Everything here betokens it. The victorious generals have gone home, passing through this city and receiving such spontaneous ovations from the ardent masses of the people as even hero-loving Americans are not wont to give, while day by day pass the returning regiments also, on their way home. One cannot well go amiss of the boys in blue now, with their bronzed faces bright with expectation. All about the numerous places provided here for their temporary accommodation, they may be seen in swarms while steamers and railroad cars are crowded with them. There are veterans of all classes, gray-haired men, and boys with half-knit sinews, who have seen the horrors of a score of battle-fields.

On Sunday last I accompanied a friend to the Soldiers' Depot in Howard street, at the hour of religious service. For a block or two in every direction all the door-ways and shady places were filled by soldiers. Many lay on the hard stone steps, sleeping profoundly. Other groups lounged and talked, or read. As the hour approached they gathered in the hall, where services were to be held, most of them with quiet, attentive faces, and some of them with a reverential bearing that told how deeply they esteemed the privilege. There was more than one shining black face in the crowd, full of that sorrowful calm that makes the features of this oppressed race when in repose.

I have heard much of the demoralization produced by war, of the loss of all reverence for sacred things which absence from the restraints of home, society and religious influences, is sure to produce in our volunteer soldiery. After attending one of these Sabbath gatherings of soldiers, I cannot believe the evil so great as has been asserted. Let us make due allowance for the retrogression inevitable to fallible human nature, under influences so hostile to the growth of the higher instincts and aspirations, and rest our hopes in the power of those to whom these men are to be restored.

It is a pleasant work which the patriotic and benevolent men and women of New York are now doing for these men. Every convenience, and even every luxury which the circumstances permit, is provided for them. Thousands of dollars have been expended in strawberries alone, during the season that all might be bountifully supplied; and nothing that the land produces is considered too good or too costly for its brave defenders. The kindness that provides these luxuries, and the pleasure with which they are received, are equally pleasant to behold.

Warm weather and paucity of excitement have proved favorable of late to the discussion of a topic which has received intermittent attention for some years—I mean that of the Protestant sisterhood, as exemplified in St. Luke's Hospital in this city. This institution, founded by Rev. Dr. Muhlenberg, of the Episcopal Church, is conducted by the sisterhood of the Holy Communion, a band of seven devoted Christian women who give their time and services without fee or reward to the care of the sick and afflicted. The rules bind the sisters to three years service, during which there must be no matrimonial engagement, or association that can lead to one. At the expiration of the term it can be renewed, or a release of all the sisters, or the individual sister, is granted to freedom.

On the one side it is maintained that the formation of sisterhoods smacks of Romanism with its conventual system. On the other, that organization, and exclusive devotion to the work, is necessary in order to obtain the results aimed at. My own objection is, that as the All Wise placed men and women upon this earth with the evident intent that they should live and work together, and that through their united efforts the best good of mankind should be attained, any attempt of this kind must be a violation, pro tanto, of that intent, and therefore not likely to prove successful.

Still no Hospital that I have seen is so well conducted, in all its parts, as that of St. Luke. There are medical and surgical boards for both sexes, under the charge of experienced physicians and surgeons, and the most noticeable feature of the institution is the children's ward, containing thirty-two beds, where as many little sufferers are cared for with the utmost tenderness. The sound of a cheery little voice long before the great airy room is reached, and on entering, it is surprised to see nearly every pale face wreathed with smiles, and every little pair of hands busily engaged with toys, or pictures, or books. It is difficult to believe that there is sickness there, and deformity, and the whole train of loathsome ills that settle like a brood of curses upon the children of the poor in large cities. One blesses sisterhoods in looking round upon these poor little ones, so cozy and happy under the kind care of these excellent sisters. After all, one question: is it not meet that unmarried Christian women thrown, either voluntarily, or by some of the saddest bereavements of life, outside the domestic sphere, should thus find a place to manifest in good works, the highest graces, and the tenderest duties of womanhood?

But to turn to lighter themes. Before my window, a quarter of a mile away, stretch the green walks and flowery dells of the Central Park. On every Saturday, of late weeks, one realizes what this great breathing place is to the crowded city. It is estimated that from ten to twenty thousand persons visit the Park daily—on Saturdays, when there is music, fifty thousand, and about the same number on Sunday. And yet it is never crowded, and it is by no means difficult to find a secluded and shady place, where one can be almost alone.

As the season advances the visitors to the Park are more fashionable in appearance. Shoddy and petroleum, as well as the ancient aristocracy, tracing its ancestry back to some fur-trading mynheer of the days of New Amsterdam, or some befrilled and close-shaven Puritans from over the New England border, have gone to the summer resorts, where they can get a larger, if not a purer, draught of heaven's own nectar than the Central Park affords, and where, at least, they can sit in summer toilets, and see and be seen to their heart's content. There they are "cabined, cribbed, confined," in closet-like rooms in great barracks of hotels, which even if they gaze sorrowfully to contrast with their spacious and airy rooms at home, they stifle the sigh with the consoling thought that, at least the sacrifice has the compensation of being fashionable.

Apropos, the annual hegira to the watering places and summer boarding places has taken place unusually early this year, for several reasons, among which, after the early heat, is the fact that, owing to the crowded state of the city, high rents and scarcity of dwellings, many families found themselves utterly houseless on the first of May, and thus, after a temporary quartering at hotels or upon friends, were glad to escape to the country as soon as possible. Perhaps by autumn Southern emigration will leave room for New Yorkers, else we may see them encamped in tents and barracks in the streets and squares, when the cool weather brings them home again.

Frightful Crime in Sweden—A Clergyman Poisons his Flock at the Communion Table.

The Stockholm correspondent of the London *Morning Advertiser* gives an account of the depravity of a clergyman, that is shocking in the extreme.

M. Lindback was pastor of Silbrool, a small parish in one of the most beautiful valleys of the province of Wermland. M. Lyson, a retired merchant, boarded at the parsonage, and having suddenly died, suspicion at last was excited, and thirty days after his death he was disinterred, and in his [illegible] arsenic was found. It was then remembered that two other persons had died of the same symptoms, one of whom was a widow seventy-four years of age, named Carin Helen. A son of this widow had long been, in bad health, and after taking from Lindback the sacrament was seized with vomiting, and the contents ejected was found to contain arsenic. He finally recovered, and was a witness in the preliminary investigation. No other motive than to rid the parish of poor persons could be discovered except in the case of the retired merchant. In this case the year after his death, the pastor produced an agreement, though it was not signed, by which the heirs of Mr. Lyson was to pay him 10,000 rix-thalers for his board. This, it was discovered, was not the first crime the pastor had committed, for about thirty years before, being betrothed to a rich farmer's daughter, he succeeded in getting from her, before payment, a receipt for the purchase money of some land he had bought, soon after which the farmer died, from poison, and the daughter was thus deprived of her inheritance. While in prison, Lindback attempted to commit suicide, but his purpose was frustrated.

Suicide for Disappointed Love.

[From the St. Louis Democrat, 10th.]

Coroner O'Reilly held an inquest on Saturday afternoon, at the store of Miller & Goode, dealers in carpets and oil cloths, No. [illegible] North Fourth street, on the body of Adam R. Slaymaker, [illegible] through [illegible] the [illegible] yesterday afternoon. It appears that deceased had for the last month or so been afflicted from melancholy, caused, as is believed, by disappointment in love. The object of his affections is an interesting young lady who resides on Olive street, between Ninth and Eleventh.

The deceased had been to bed all day, and had not gone to breakfast. Between twelve and one o'clock Mr. W. Hick, who occupied an adjoining room, asked deceased, who was lying in bed reading a book, if he would go to dinner. Deceased replied yes, he would go in a short time. Mr. Hick went to dinner, leaving, as was his custom, the door of Mr. Slaymaker. When he returned, about half-past two o'clock, in going up to his room, he saw Mr. Slaymaker lying in the door of his own room. Mr. Hick spoke to him, but receiving no answer, went nearer, and saw that Slaymaker was dead.

He lay right side and slippers on. His head was in the doorway; a revolver lay beside his right hand; a bullet hole was through his [illegible]

John Morrissey on the Muscle—A Railroad and Prize Fight Broker.

Our townsman, John Morrissey, is now a "power in the Stock Board," as years ago he was in the prize ring. [illegible] fortune, and have been [illegible] Mr. Tobin [illegible]

[illegible] Morrissey demanded his money, which Mr. Tobin refused, but offered to compromise with $10,000. This offer Mr. Morrissey indignantly rejected, but gave Mr. Tobin one week in which to "settle." The time expired, and Tobin was not heard from. Morrissey called upon him, and threatened to disgrace the cause. [illegible] Tobin was [illegible] severely. [illegible] John M. Tobin resigned the Presidency of the Hudson River Railroad. John Morrissey, [illegible] *Troy Press.*

Sentence of Devine the Michigan Parricide.

David F. Devine, who, it will be remembered, killed his aged parents near Adrian, Mich., to get their property, and his own young wife, about to become a mother, that he might marry a lover in Grafton, Ohio, has been sentenced to the Penitentiary of that State for life—this being the severest punishment known to the law of that State. His love of display did not desert him to the last. He made a speech to the Court, requesting that whenever he died "they would bury him by the side of his mother, with his arms encircling her waist, as he did years ago, &c." The Judge was not moved, however, by this "final fondness" and proceeded to state to him the circumstances, showing the enormity of his crimes, concluding as follows:

Go from among men into your solitary cell. The walls of your dungeon will yield you at least equal sympathy and commiseration to that exhibited by you to your victims. Mankind is satisfied by the verdict in your case, and the consequent protection of law, to be delivered from the danger of further depredations. You are sentenced to solitary confinement in the State Prison, at Jackson, during the period of your natural life.

Arguelles—Cuba.

A well-informed Cuban friend informs us that Col. Arguelles, whose extradition was solicited of our Government by the Governor General of Cuba, on a charge (quite true) that he had betrayed his official trust as a local or deputy governor by conniving at the unlawful sale into slavery of a cargo of Bozales (native Africans), is now serving out his sentence as a felon in the chain-gang at Ceuta; while Zulueta, the great slave trader who bribed him to this villainy, and who was likewise arraigned, tried and convicted, has, after a brief nominal confinement in a fortress and the payment of a fine of $5,000, been sent for five years into exile—that is, condemned to return to Spain, where his family and possessions await him, or to travel at will over the Old World on the ample wealth amassed in his nefarious pursuit. The priest who aided the crime by giving false certificates of burial for the unlucky Bozales, was likewise convicted, and is probably also serving out his term in prison; but the nobles, on whose account these penalties were inflicted, remain in slavery! How many doubloons secured this [illegible] is not yet made public.—*New York Tribune.*

Shooting Returned Rebel Soldiers in Missouri.

[Sedalia Cor. St. Louis Republican.]

On last Friday night a man who had been in the rebel army from the beginning of the war, named Walker, and who was recently paroled at Shreveport, La., was murdered at his father's house in St. Clair county. About 10 o'clock a squad, supposed to be eight or ten, of the militia, appeared. [illegible] One of these enquiring, inquired if he could obtain supper for ten paroled rebels, at the same time, taking off his hat, asked if they recognized him. On being answered in the negative, he drew a pistol and coolly shot young Walker.

I learn, since writing the above, that two paroled rebels from Price's army were shot in the road, near Pittsburg, and shot. Their paroles were first demanded. I learn the above from a gentleman from Warsaw.

An affecting incident occurred at the fire which consumed Bostol's Hotel, Bay City, Michigan, on Thursday morning last. A lady boarder, who occupied rooms on the third floor, became somewhat excited when the alarm of fire was given and went down stairs to discover its whereabouts, leaving her infant child asleep in bed. In the confusion she forgot it until she had got out of the building. She then attempted to enter the building to rescue it, but was prevented. The firemen and others in saving the furniture, threw the bedding out of the windows. This identical bed was rolled up, thrown out of the window, and carried with the other goods on to the bridge for safety. After the fire, in removing the goods, the little innocent was found, still asleep.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—On Monday evening last, during the heavy thunder storm which then prevailed, the house of Mr. Otto Holland, in Quincy, near St. Charles, was struck by lightning, and the electric current, passing down through the chimney, made its way along the wall, and across the floor to the bed in which Mr. Holland was lying, and struck him with such force as to kill him instantly. Strange to say, Mr. Holland's wife and child were in the same bed, but bound a slight shock, neither of them was injured.—*Western Republican, 5th.*

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

[OFFICIAL REPORT.]

REGULAR MEETING.

CHICAGO, July 10, 1865.

Present—His Honor, Mayor Rice, and Aldermen Gage, Knickerbocker, Shimp, Carter, Barrett, Wicker, McRoy, Sheridan, Wallwork, Hatch, Moore, Woodard, Talcott, Holden, Bixby, Bond, Huntley, Gastfield, Franzen, Hottinger, Lawson, Shackford, Woodman and Clark.

Absent—Aldermen Ruh, Kann, Sherwin, Ridbey, Prag, Rosell, Prendibst and Ruh.

MINUTES.

On motion of Ald. Knickerbocker, the minutes of the proceedings of the last meeting were approved without reading.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication from the City Attorney submitting the draft of an ordinance concerning bulls was on motion of Ald. Lawson,

Referred to the Board of Police.

A communication from the Board of Police, submitting the draft of an accompanying ordinance in relation to junk dealers, was, on motion of Ald. Talcott,

Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A communication was received from the Board of Police, asking the Council to pay certain bills incurred by the decease of Isaac Decker and John Sheahan, members of the Fire Department, amounting to $277.

Ald. Woodman moved that the bills be paid.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Ayes—Ald. Gage, Knickerbocker, Shimp, Carter, Barrett, Wicker, McRoy, Sheridan, Wallwork, Hatch, Moore, Woodard, Talcott, Holden, Bixby, Bond, Hottinger, Lawson, Shackford, Woodman, Clark—21.

Noes—None.

A petition of sundry citizens for the repair of North Water street, was, on motion of Ald. Clark,

Referred to the Board of Public Works.

The Board of Public Works presented the following communication:

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
CHICAGO, July 10th, 1865.

To the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Chicago, in Common Council assembled:

GENTLEMEN: In our annual report to your honorable body of April 1st, 1865, the Board of Public Works found occasion to state to you that it would be necessary to provide additional pumping engine for the Water Works, that the consumption of water was rapidly increasing, and that the present pumping power would not long be sufficient to maintain the regular supply. [illegible]

[illegible]

Respectfully submitted,

J. G. GINDELE,
[illegible]
Board of Public Works.

An Ordinance authorizing the erection of a new pumping engine for the Chicago Water Works, and the issue of Water Loan Bonds.

Be it ordained by the Common Council of the City of Chicago:

[illegible]

[illegible]

A. H. BODMAN,
City Clerk.

The Clerk read a remonstrance against the passage of the above-mentioned ordinance, signed by Armour, Hanscam and others, and praying for the passage of a substitute which accompanied it.

Ald. Holden moved to concur in the report of the committee, and pass the ordinance as submitted by them.

Ald. Bond moved, as an amendment, that the substitute, as presented by the remonstrants, be passed.

Ald. Gage moved, as a substitute, that the whole matter be re-committed to the Board of Public Works.

Ald. Holden moved to lay the motion of Ald. Gage upon the table.

Ald. Knickerbocker demanded the ayes and noes.

The motion was lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Ald. Shimp, Holden, Bixby, Gastfield, Hottinger, Clark—6.

Noes—Ald. Carter, Barrett, Wicker, McRoy, Sheridan, Wallwork, Hatch, Moore, Woodard, Talcott, Bond, Huntley, Lawson, Shackford, Woodman—17.

The question recurring on the motion of Ald. Gage, Ald. Holden demanded the ayes and noes.

The motion was lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Ald. Gage, Knickerbocker, Barrett, Wicker, McRoy, Sheridan, Wallwork, Hatch, Moore, Hottinger—10.

Noes—Ald. Shimp, Carter, Woodard, Talcott, Holden, Bixby, Bond, Huntley, Gastfield, Lawson, Shackford, Woodman, Clark—13.

Ald. Holden moved, as an amendment, to adopt the report of the Committee.

Ald. Woodman moved to lay the motion on the table.

Ald. Holden called for the ayes and noes.

The motion was carried by the following vote:

[illegible]

Ald. Woodman then demanded the ayes and noes on the adoption of the substitute offered by Ald. Bond.

The motion was lost by the lack of a three-fourths vote, as follows:

[illegible]

Ald. Shackford moved to lay the motion on the table.

Ald. Wicker's motion was then put and carried.

Petition of Jas. Rogers for a free license to peddle.

Referred to Committee on Licenses.

Petition of Walker Lester for remission of taxes, and

Petition of A. S. Cook for remission of taxes, [illegible]

Referred to Committee on [illegible]

Petition of W. S. Woodbury for free license to exhibit a wagon, [illegible]

Petition of Henry Kelly for free peddler's license,

Referred to Committee on Licenses.

Petition of Louis Jacobs for return of license money,

Referred to Committee on Finance.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

The School Agent presented his monthly statement of receipts and expenditures for the month of June, 1865, which was ordered to be placed on file.

The Board of Public Works presented an ordinance for dredging Haley Slough.

[illegible]

The Board of Public Works presented ordinances for the following named improvements:

[illegible]

Also,

For a sidewalk on both sides of LaSalle street, from [illegible] to Bremen's Addition.

For curbing and paving with wooden block pavement North Clark street from Chicago Avenue to the river.

[illegible]

Referred to Committee on Streets and Alleys, N. D.

Also,

For curbing, grading, filling and paving [illegible]

Referred to Committee on Streets and Alleys, W. D.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

FINANCE.

Ald. Bond, of Committee on Finance, to whom had been referred the petition of John Maloney for increased compensation for maintaining Milwaukee avenue, reported adversely to making any allowance, but recommended the payment of $[illegible] now due him.

Report concurred in by the following vote:

Ayes—Ald. Gage, Knickerbocker, Shimp, Carter, Barrett, Wicker, McRoy, Sheridan, Wallwork, Hatch, Moore, Woodard, Talcott, Holden, Bixby, Bond, Huntley, Gastfield, Franzen, Hottinger, Lawson, Shackford, Woodman, Clark—24.

Noes—None.

Also,

Of the same Committee reported adversely to the issue of bonds for extra sewers to be laid down this year.

Report accepted and concurred in.

Also,

Of the same Committee reported adversely to the acceptance of the official bond of Caspar Gehring, special constable, [illegible]

Report accepted and concurred in.

Also,

Of the same Committee, reported adversely to paying damages to Geo. Miller, for accident occurring to his horse.

Report accepted and concurred in.

Also,

Of the same Committee, reported in favor of exempting certain church property belonging to St. Peter's congregation, from taxation.

Report accepted and concurred in.

Also,

Of the same Committee, reported adversely to remitting the fines of Edward Grimes and E. Stoneleigh, imposed for a violation of the Health Ordinance.

Report accepted and concurred in.

Also,

Of the same Committee, reported in favor of remitting the fine of Jeremiah Kingsland, amounting to $[illegible]

Report accepted and concurred in by the following vote:

Ayes—Ald. Shimp, Carter, Barrett, Wicker, McRoy, Sheridan, Wallwork, Hatch, Moore, Woodard, Talcott, Holden, Bixby, Bond, Huntley, Gastfield, Franzen, Hottinger, Lawson, Shackford, Woodman, Clark—22.

Noes—Ald. Gage, Knickerbocker—2.

Of the same Committee reported adversely to granting damages to James McKeon for injuries done to his horse.

Report accepted and concurred in.

Also,

[illegible]

FIRE AND WATER.

Ald. Huntley, of Committee on Fire and Water, reported in favor of the passage of the following ordinance:

[illegible]

Ald. Gage moved that it be made the special order for [illegible]

Ald. Gage demanded the ayes and noes.

[illegible]

Ald. Holden moved to concur in the report and pass the ordinance.

[illegible]

STREETS AND ALLEYS, S. D.

[illegible]

STREETS AND ALLEYS, N. D.

The Committee on Streets and Alleys, N. D., reported in favor of the passage of an ordinance for curbing and filling Kinzie street, from Clark street to Dearborn street.

Ald. Lawson moved to concur in the report and pass the ordinance.

[illegible]

Also,

Reported in favor of the passage of an ordinance for the extension of Sigel street, westerly to LaSalle street.

Ald. Holden moved to concur in the report and pass the ordinance.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

[illegible]

Also,

The same Committee reported in favor of the passage of an ordinance for establishing Clark street from Clark street to Chicago avenue bridge.

Ald. Bond moved to concur in the report and pass the ordinance.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Ayes—Ald. Gage, Knickerbocker, Shimp, Carter, Barrett, Wicker, McRoy, Sheridan, Wallwork, Hatch, Moore, Woodard, Talcott, Holden, Bixby, Bond, Huntley, Gastfield, Franzen, Hottinger, Lawson, Shackford, Woodman, Clark—24.

Noes—None.

STREETS AND ALLEYS, W. D.

The Committee on Streets and Alleys, West Division, reported in favor of the passage of an ordinance for planking alley in block 37, School Section Addition to Chicago.

Ald. Clark moved to concur in the report and pass the ordinance.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

[illegible]

Also,

Reported in favor of the passage of an ordinance for re-macadamizing Canal street from Adams street to Randolph street.

[illegible]

Also,

Reported in favor of the passage of an ordinance vacating the alley in lot 3, block 53, N. W. [illegible]

[illegible]

Ald. Moore moved that the Council do now adjourn until Wednesday, July 12, at 7 o'clock p.m., to take up the unfinished business, the motion prevailed, and the Council stood adjourned.

A. H. BODMAN,
City Clerk.

Railroad Time Table.

[illegible]

WOOL!

[illegible]

GOOD NEWS FOR COLORED PERSONS, THE LATEST DISCOVERY.

[illegible]

STREET CARS.

[illegible]

HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN

[illegible]

NIGHT SCAVENGER.

[illegible]

BEADS! BEADS! BEADS!

FANCY GOODS.

[illegible]

Medicinal.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK!

Youth to the Aged!

BIOKRENE,

—OR—

Life Rejuvenator!

[illegible]

INVALUABLE BLESSING,

[illegible]

BIOKRENE

CURES

Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui.

[illegible]

NATURAL VIGOR,

[illegible]

BIOKRENE!

[illegible]

Valuable Discovery

[illegible]

TO FEMALES:

[illegible]

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Prop's,

81 Cedar Street, New York.

[illegible]

Legal.

EXECUTOR'S SALE. Estate of [illegible]

[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

REMINGTON'S ARMY & NAVY Revolver.

[illegible]

SOAP! SOAP!!

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

Mottled German SOAP.

[illegible]

WOOL! WOOL!

Jas. C. Converse, [illegible] & Co.,

For the Sale of Dry Goods AND DOMESTIC WOOL.

[illegible]

Medicinal.

DR. EASTERLY'S FEVER AND AGUE KILLER.

This Medicine will cure Ague and Fever, Dumb Ague, Chills and Fever, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, and every form of Fever incident to the West.

[illegible]

DR. EASTERLY'S DIARRHEA SYRUP.

This Medicine will cure Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera, [illegible] Colic, which is in the Stomach and Bowels, and all derangements of the Stomach and Bowels of children when Teething.

[illegible]

DR. HOOPER'S FEMALE CORDIAL.

This elegant and popular Medicine will cure all Female Complaints, such as Leucorrhea, [illegible] Falling of the Womb and all Irregularities of the Monthly Periods.

[illegible]

DR. CARTER'S COUGH BALSAM

Will cure Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Side and Breast, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

[illegible]

The Most Important Medical Discovery of the Nineteenth Century is

DR. MARKS' SYPHILITIC CURE.

This celebrated Remedy is a Speedy, Safe and Radical cure for SYPHILIS in the Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Stages.

[illegible]

DR. MARK'S SYPHILITIC CURE,

[illegible]

DR. MARK'S SYPHILITIC CURE

[illegible]

The First or Primary Stage of Syphilis

[illegible]

The Second Stage of Syphilis

[illegible]

The Third or Tertiary Stage of Syphilis

[illegible]

Advice to the Afflicted.

[illegible]

Dr. Mark's Syphilitic Cure,

[illegible]

SECONDARY SYPHILIS

[illegible]

Dr. Mark's Syphilitic Cure and Pills,

[illegible]

Dr. Mark's Syphilitic Cure and Pills

[illegible]

To Rheumatic Sufferers.

[illegible]

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

[illegible]

ROBACK'S BITTERS.

R O B A C K S

Bitters

[illegible]

DR. C. W. ROBACK,

[illegible]

SECRET DISEASES! SECRET

[illegible]

UNITED STATES PATENT

[illegible]

THE CITY.

AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible]

DION BOUCICAULT IN COURT.—[illegible]

SECOND HAND WATCHES.—[illegible]

BUDWORTH'S MINSTRELS.—The continued success, which Budworth's excellent troupe of minstrels are enjoying in their performances at the Academy of Music, is the best evidence that they are really worthy of it. May it long be thus. [illegible]

[illegible]

DESPERATE STABBING AFFRAY.

Jealousy and Revenge—A Young Woman Stabbed in Eight Places—Probable Fatal Result.

Declaration of the Victim—Statement of the Assailant.

[illegible]

HER DYING DECLARATION.

Dying declaration of Amelia Fransted:

My name is Ann Fransted. I have been married. That is my maiden name. Mrs. Turhune inflicted these wounds upon me to-day in Reynold's Block. I don't know whether I can survive the wounds or not. [illegible]

AMELIA FRANSTED.

[illegible]

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Marital Unhappiness—Divorce—A Brutal Husband—A Case Against the City—Robbery, Larceny, &c.

[illegible]

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS COLLEGE CONVENTION.

FIRST DAY—OPENING SESSION.

Public Reception at Bryan Hall Last Evening—Address of Welcome.

The convention of representatives of the various Commercial Colleges in Messrs. Bryant & Stratton's great international chain, assembled yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. Mr. R. F. Folsom, of Albany, presided, and Mr. S. S. Packard, of New York, officiated as Secretary. [illegible]

RECEPTION IN BRYAN HALL.

[illegible]

TO-DAY.

[illegible]

CHICAGO HIGH SCHOOL.

Annual Examination—Differences in Practice and Result—Program Yesterday.

[illegible]

The "Wisconsin War Eagle"—Good for the Boys and Girls.

The children's "Eagle Army," through its successful leader, Alfred L. Sewell, of this city, has paid in to the Northwestern Sanitary Fair, from the sale of album pictures of the old bird, the magnificent sum of [illegible] ($16,320.50). [illegible]

VAGRANTS.—[illegible]

Chicago Air and Water.

[illegible]

Tunnel at Washington Street vs Adams Street.

[illegible]

MONROE STREET.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Andersonville!—Six Months a Prisoner. [illegible]

Campaign Carpet—Every lady house keeper, [illegible]

Atlantic White Lead and Linseed Oil Co. of New York, [illegible]

Martha Washington Hair Restorer. [illegible]

Go to the Best—Go to Bryant & Stratton's Chicago Commercial College [illegible]

LIFE IN MEXICO.

Maximilian Among His Subjects—His Efforts on Education and Gambling—A Characteristic Gambling Scene—Military and General Matters.

The difficulties of appreciating the situation in Mexico have grown out of the known bias of the narrators; for while French news channels, and those subsidized to the Franco-Mexican interest, have given all as facts the rosiest hues, and the most solid seeming to the steps of progress, the Mexican party have as persistently claimed that all that was hopeful to French eyes was illusory, and all that was solid was crumbling and ready to fall to pieces. We are latterly less distracted with this conflict of authorities for the French story tellers have it all their own way, and the other party are not heard of at all, a silence of no inconsiderable significance. We have before us a mass of voluminous correspondence from leading points in Mexico, filling several compact columns of our exchanges, and this constitutes, to a degree scarcely realized before, a very complete presentment of affairs on the surface in the realm of Maximilian. Under the tropics violent disturbances of the elements sweep down from a clear sky, or pent volcanoes make mischief without warning. Not to discuss Maximilian's peril from hidden sources, a glance at life in his new Empire will be of interest. He has no affection for the capital, and finds the halls of the Montezumas an unclean humbug, much as our boys did once. He has been on an extended tour in the interior, accompanied by his Empress and both carrying in their persons and suite every showy adjunct of court pomp. [illegible]

[illegible]

This letter, with the Emperor's careful course in the appointment and instruction of Minister of Interior, have given the Mexicans fresh views of the sincerity of their ruler, [illegible]

A GAMBLING SCENE.

[illegible]

Apparently by recent advices, the late Confederate high feather in Mexico has been greatly dampened. Ex-Duke Gwin is as the daw who lost his borrowed plumes. Maury is quiet and in no possible favor, and Southern men pouring in daily for positions under the Emperor get the cold shoulder. These are would-be officers. No tenders of privates are reported, and this brings our digest of news to the closing topic of the military situation.

[illegible]

Twelve Thousand Missourians Go to Maximilian.

[Correspondence of the N. O. Picayune.]

HOUSTON, Texas, June 7.

Among the abnormal phenomena growing out of the war, is now to be seen a body of [illegible] and warlike troops, estimated at 10,000 or 12,000, mostly Missourians, who have been rendered homeless by the destructive effects of the war in their own State, marching toward the Mexican frontier to enter the service of the Emperor Maximilian. They are commanded by General Shelby, also a Missourian, who is spoken of by those who know him as a brave and capable officer. [illegible]

Whisky rations in the army have been abolished by orders from the War Department, upon the recommendation of the Commanding General and Surgeon General. No liquor of any kind will hereafter be issued to soldiers, except by the Medical Department.

Markets by Telegraph.

OUR MIDNIGHT MARKET REPORT.

[illegible]

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET.

OPENING DAY.

[illegible]

CLOSING DAY.

[illegible]

St. Louis Market.

[illegible]

Illinois and Michigan Canal.

[illegible]

Vessels Passed Detroit.

[illegible]

New York Market.

[illegible]

New York Stock and Money Market.

[illegible]

Oswego Market.

[illegible]

Mining Stocks.

[illegible]

Toledo Market.

[illegible]

Philadelphia Market.

[illegible]

MARRIED.

[illegible]

DIED.

[illegible]

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
Washington Street.
BUDWORTH'S MINSTRELS.
EVERY NIGHT—CROWDED HOUSES.
SONGS, FARCES, BURLESQUES, &c.

COL. WOOD'S MUSEUM.
This WEDNESDAY, July 12th, 1865,
MAN AND WIFE.
Received with shouts of laughter.

ST. GEORGE'S
Fourth Annual Pic-Nic
Will take place at
DESPLAINES GROVE
ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 19th, 1865.

GRAND GALA DAY
AT
GENEVA ISLAND.
CHICAGO MUSICIANS' UNION
Will give their Annual
PIC-NIC AND CONCERT
At Geneva Island,
On Thursday, July 13, 1865.

Auction Sales.

GILBERT & SAMPSON,
General Auctioneers, 44, 46 & 48 Dearborn st.
Postponed Sale on account of the weather to FRIDAY.
AT AUCTION,
Household Furniture,
[illegible]
Miscellaneous and Standard Books.

VALUABLE THEOLOGICAL LAW AND MISCELLANEOUS LIBRARY
AT AUCTION.
Thursday, July 13, at 2 1-2 p. m.
[illegible]
Law, Classical and Miscellaneous Works.

AUCTION SALE OF PUBLIC [illegible]

To Rent.

TO RENT—The divided half of [illegible]
TO RENT—Store No. 97 Wash[illegible]
TO RENT—House No. 301 State [illegible]
TO RENT—Furnished sleeping [illegible]
TO RENT—Wanted, to hire a [illegible]
TO RENT—House on Washing[illegible]
TO RENT—Rooms for rent, suit[illegible]
TO RENT—A House of six rooms [illegible]
TO RENT—Elegantly furnished [illegible]
TO RENT—Wanted, to rent [illegible]
TO RENT—A House in the West [illegible]
TO RENT—Four desirable rooms [illegible]
TO RENT—A two story building [illegible]
TO RENT—The upper story of [illegible]
TO RENT—Store suitable for any [illegible]
TO RENT—House No. 512 South [illegible]
TO RENT—A house containing [illegible]

Real Estate—City.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a lot of [illegible]
FOR SALE—Dock lot, 100x200 [illegible]
FOR SALE—Brick house, and [illegible]
FOR SALE—House and lot on [illegible]
FOR SALE—Kinzie street Lot [illegible]
FOR SALE—A two story Brick [illegible]
FOR SALE—A large Corner Lot [illegible]
FOR SALE—We are authorized [illegible]
FOR SALE—A beautiful res[illegible]
FOR SALE—The following de[illegible]

Real Estate—Country.

FOR SALE—Two small farms [illegible]
FOR SALE—An improved farm [illegible]
FOR SALE—5,000 to 10,000 acres [illegible]
FOR SALE—Hotel—One of the [illegible]

Strayed.

STRAYED—Or Stolen—$200 Re[illegible]
STRAYED—A Dark Bay Horse, [illegible]

Stolen.

STOLEN—$20 Reward—Hunting [illegible]

Found.

FOUND—A Brown Steer, about [illegible]

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL [illegible]

MESSRS. EDDY & SCHLIMME [illegible]

WELDEN HOUSE, St. Albans, [illegible]

Gray Hair Restored.
Not a Dye, but a Restorer of Color and Perfect Hair Dressing Combined.
[illegible]

A Thorough Education.
WITH MILITARY DISCIPLINE AND DRILL.
[illegible]

TO UNION PRISONERS [illegible]

BACH & SALTONSTALL, [illegible]

Wanted—Agents.

WANTED—Agents—For "Our [illegible]
WANTED—Agents—Without a [illegible]
WANTED—Agents—$10 per [illegible]
WANTED—Agents—$150 per [illegible]
WANTED—Agents—To sell the [illegible]
WANTED—Agents—For the [illegible]
WANTED—Agents for some of [illegible]
WANTED—Agents—To sell our [illegible]
WANTED—Agents—To sell [illegible]
WANTED—Agents—To sell H[illegible]
WANTED—Agents—Immedi[illegible]
WANTED—Agents—To sell a [illegible]

Boarding.

BOARDING—Waverly House, [illegible]
BOARDING—An elegant suit of [illegible]
BOARDING—Pleasant rooms, [illegible]
BOARDING—A gentleman can [illegible]
BOARDING—A few more board[illegible]
BOARDING—Pleasant rooms, [illegible]
BOARDING—A few boarders [illegible]
BOARDING—A pleasant front [illegible]
BOARDING—Wanted by two [illegible]
BOARDING—A pleasant unfur[illegible]
BOARDING—Wanted on the [illegible]
BOARDING—A pleasant suit of [illegible]
BOARDING—A large front [illegible]
BOARDING—To rent, a very [illegible]
BOARDING—Wanted, on or be[illegible]
BOARDING—Wanted, a well [illegible]

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A meat market, [illegible]
FOR SALE—The stock, lease [illegible]
FOR SALE—Saloon, boarding [illegible]
FOR SALE—Meat Market. One [illegible]
FOR SALE—One steam engine, [illegible]
FOR SALE—A saloon, fixtures [illegible]
FOR SALE—A lucrative and well [illegible]
FOR SALE—A new open buggy, [illegible]
FOR SALE—A variety and wool [illegible]
FOR SALE—The stock and fix[illegible]
FOR SALE—One 6 ton hay scale; [illegible]
FOR SALE—The stock and fix[illegible]
FOR SALE—Receipt of one of [illegible]
FOR SALE—A manufacturing [illegible]
FOR SALE—Saloon and Fixtures [illegible]
FOR SALE—Six good saloons, [illegible]
FOR SALE—Portable Engines [illegible]
FOR SALE—Engines, Boilers [illegible]

Lost.

LOST—A case, either on Wabash [illegible]
LOST—On Randolph street car[illegible]
LOST—On Saturday night [illegible]

Wanted.

WANTED—Two [illegible]
WANTED—A good [illegible]
WANTED—To Rent [illegible]
WANTED—A man [illegible]
WANTED—A mech[illegible]
WANTED—Male Help [illegible]
WANTED—Miss Maid [illegible]
WANTED—Agents [illegible]
WANTED—A comp[illegible]
WANTED—A Partner [illegible]
WANTED—To sell [illegible]
WANTED—Immed[illegible]
WANTED—In a whole[illegible]
WANTED—Any per[illegible]
WANTED—Men wi[illegible]
WANTED—By a gent[illegible]
WANTED—To lease [illegible]
WANTED—By a [illegible]
WANTED—An Amer[illegible]
WANTED—Girls [illegible]
WANTED—Female [illegible]
WANTED—At the [illegible]
WANTED—A Coke [illegible]
WANTED—To rent [illegible]
WANTED—Salesman [illegible]
WANTED—Knitting [illegible]
WANTED—Young [illegible]
WANTED—Agents [illegible]
WANTED—To Dr[illegible]
WANTED—Farm H[illegible]
WANTED—A Sales[illegible]
WANTED—Male H[illegible]
WANTED—2 book[illegible]
WANTED—By a D[illegible]

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—Situat[illegible]
WANTED—Situat[illegible]
WANTED—Situat[illegible]
WANTED—Situat[illegible]
WANTED—Situat[illegible]

THE NEWS.

Gold closed in New York last evening at $1.41⅜.

The Fourth of July was appropriately celebrated at Charleston.

Breckinridge has left Havana for Europe in company with a rebel agent.

Cortinas has abandoned his opposition to Maximilian and retired to private life.

The late Government sales of cotton at New York by Collector Draper yielded $4,000,000 in gold to the Treasury.

Subscriptions to the seven-thirty loan yesterday show a decided increase, amounting to $4,110,300.

Gen. Howard, Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, has issued an important order in relation to the relations between the freedmen and their employers, the duties of agents and Assistant Commissioners.

Gen. Herron, commanding the district of Northern Louisiana, has resigned. He will be succeeded by Gen. Veatch.

The Washington Chronicle positively asserts that Secretary Stanton has no thought of leaving the Cabinet at present.

The Congressional Library is to be extended at a cost of $160,000.

[illegible]